

Geo-IT: The Enabler Ingredient in the Infrastructure Construction Project Life Cycle Mix

Geospatial Technologies integrated with Building Information Modelling on Large Construction Site for Health and Safety Management

A. Ciribini, A. Vanossi, S. Mastrolembo Ventura, M. Paneroni, M. Bolpagni, G. Caratozzolo

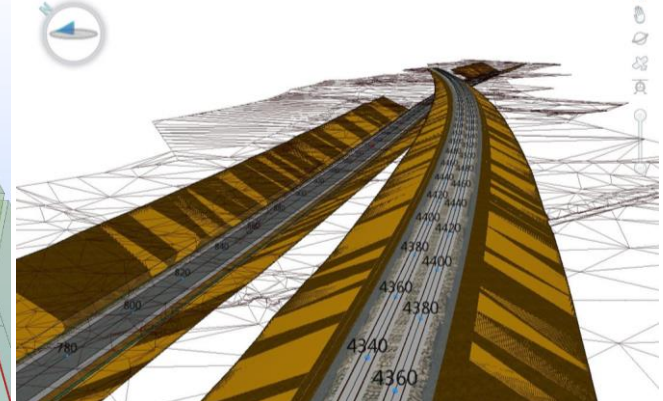
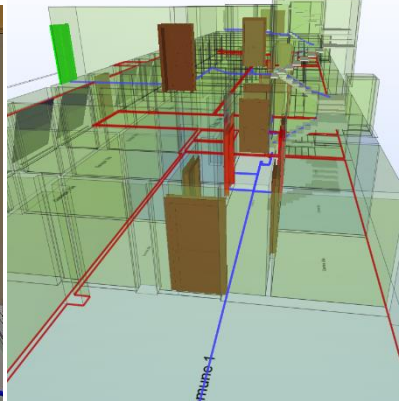
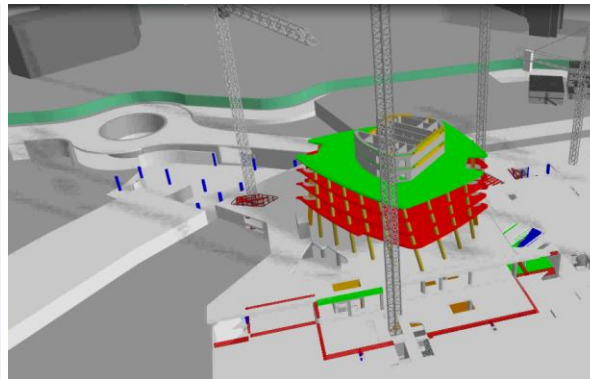
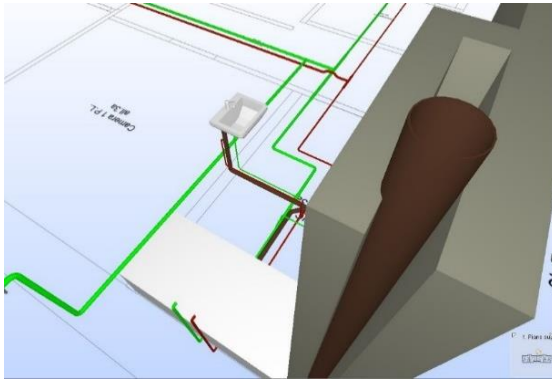
Geo BIM 2015

Lisbon Congress Centre

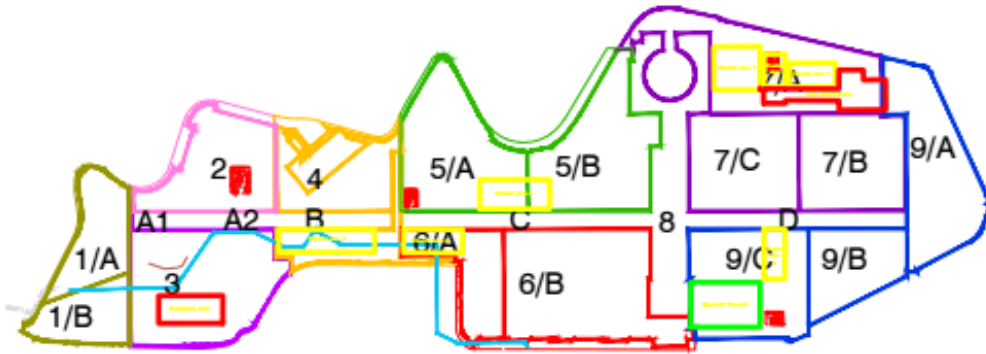
28th May 2015

University of Brescia – BIM Research Group

Department of Civil Engineering and Architecture - DICATAM



Case Study – the «Piastra»



Length: **2 km**

Width: **from 350 m to 750 m**

Divided in **sub-construction areas**



- Hydraulic works
- Circulation routes
- Technological systems
- Renovation of an existing building



Surface: 7900 mq



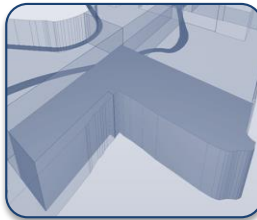
General Characteristics of an Infrastructure Construction Site

- **large** construction site
- organisation in **sub-construction areas**
- **horizontal** construction site with main directions - ie linear development for roads, energy and fluids transport, etc (vertical BIM vs and horizontal BIM)
- construction operations involving large volumes of **earth movement**
- **interferences** with over-ground and underground utilities
- large number of **workers concurrently on site**
- reduced number of construction site **accesses** in relation to site's extension and number of workers and vehicles

General Issues

- comprehensive **understanding** of the construction site to quickly update and manage information
- complex **traffic management** because of continues changes due to works on underground utilities
- **construction roads** modified from too many subjects and not constantly updated
- **subcontractors** working without a comprehensive knowledge of other sub-areas but operating on same construction roads and interferences
- **spatial constraints** due to interferences (ie space restrictions because of earthworks for both excavated and accumulated soil)
- risks such as **collapse of excavations and falling into excavations**: one of the main danger to workers in or near excavations

Objectives



Optimisation of construction resource management

- Resources managed as informative content of a parametric model



Optimisation of traffic management on site

- Open Street Map uploaded on mobile devices to support traffic management



Visualisation of Health & Safety issues

- BIM-based construction site layout & safety planning
- Customised ruleset for safety code checking

Construction Resource Management workers and vehicles on construction site

Traditionally
Paper based documents
Verbal communication

Problems
Multitude of documents
Not shared knowledge
Weakness of the information delivery process
Subjectivity in data interpretation

Effective **management** of the construction phase



Clear **visualisation** of resources

- workers
- vehicles and machineries
- temporary equipment
- their space-time interrelation

- Interferences** between activities
- Overcrowding** of resources
- Risk** assessment

Not a clear understanding of the **number of workers** and their **location** on site

| LOTTO AREA | OGNI IMPRESA (azione di riferimento) | IMPIANTI/MEZZI/ATTREZZATURE UTILIZZATI DA OGNI IMPRESA | ADDETTI | D | L | M | M | G | V | S | D | NOTE DELL'IMPRESA - INTERFERENZE - |
|------------|---|--|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------------|
| 4 - 3 | ... (II° TURNO 6-14) | | 5 | | | | | | X | | | T SOSP IN ATTESA DI DEF |
| 4 - 3 | ... (II° TURNO 14-22) | | 5 | | | | | | X | | | T SOSP IN ATTESA DI DEF |
| 2 | ... (magrone - cassetatura posa armatura e getto cordoli e platee / Realizzazione bretella connessione e sistemazione rotatoria esistente) | | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-8/A1 | AREA 1 - 8/A1: Smaltimento manufatti esistenti struttura stradale - Smaltimento materiale e pulizia aree (mezzi e attrezzatura EDILTRANSPORT VISCOMI) | escavatore - mezzo d isollevamento - rullo | 6 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| 3 | IDR Area 3: Scavo canale tratto 10 | escavatore c/pinza - escavatore c/martellone | 3 | | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| 5/A | IDR Area 5/A-B: canale tratto 6: preparazione piani di posa fondo canale - scavo fondazioni spalle ponti e zattere (manodopera e mezzi CAZZARO) | 4 Escavatore - 3 dumper - 1ruspa | 8 | | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| 5/A | IDR Area 5/A: canale tratto 6: getto magrone fondo canale | 1 escavatori - 1 ruspa - 1 rullo | 3 | | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| 5/A | IDR Area 5/A: canale tratto 6: f... (fornitura Maccaferri) | | 3 | | X | X | | X | X | | | |
| 6/A | IDR Area 6/A: ... (fornitura Calcestruzzi) | autobetoniera - autopompa | 2 | | X | X | | X | X | | | |
| 6/A | IDR Area 6/A: ... (fornitura Calcestruzzi) | Camion con gru - mezzo sollevamento | 6 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 6/A | IDR Area 6/A: ... (fornitura Calcestruzzi) | mezzo sollevamento | 6 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 5/A | IDR Area 7/A: ... (fornitura Calcestruzzi) | autobetoniera - autopompa | 1 | | X | | X | | X | | | |
| 7/A | IDR Area 7/A: canale tratto 2a: cassetatura e getto fondo canale e fosse giochi d'acqua | 1 escavatore - 2 dumper | 3 | | X | X | X | | | | | |
| 7/A | IDR Area 7/A: canale tratto 2a: cassetatura e getto fondo canale e fosse giochi d'acqua | 1 escavatori - 1 ruspa - 1 rullo | 4 | | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| 9/C | IDR Area 9/C: canale tratto 2a: cassetatura e getto fondo canale e fosse giochi d'acqua | mezzo sollevamento | 6 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 9/C | IDR Area 9/C: canale tratto 2a: cassetatura e getto fondo canale e fosse giochi d'acqua | | 6 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |

Subcontractors

Site supervisor

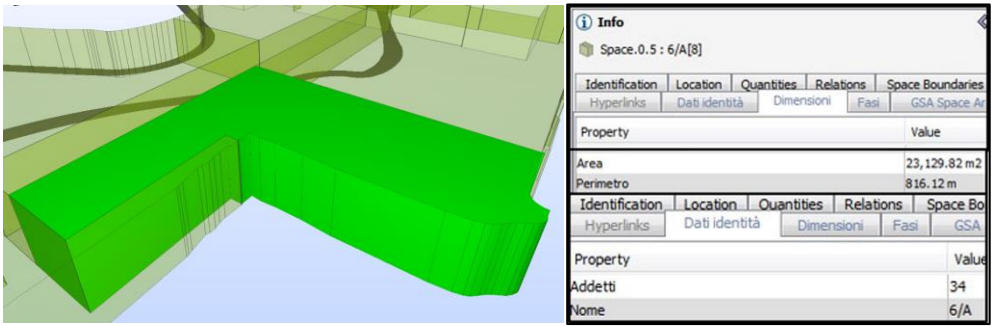
Safety coordinator

Contractors

Construction Resource Management

analysis of critical days – overcrowding of resources

Objective: clear and effective visualisation of data contained in traditional documents



Information Management:

- sub-construction sites modelled as **Spaces**, information container
- **H&S information** updated for a monitoring period of **four weeks**
- Data become input for **BIM-based analyses**

- **Information takeoff**
- **Visualisation**
- chromatic representation to visualise every sub-area with different colours according to the information about the number of resources and to immediately know which sub-area is critical for resources overcrowding

Construction Resource Management

analysis of critical days – hazardous activities

Objective: clear and effective visualisation of data contained in traditional documents



Weekly analysis of areas subjected to excavations

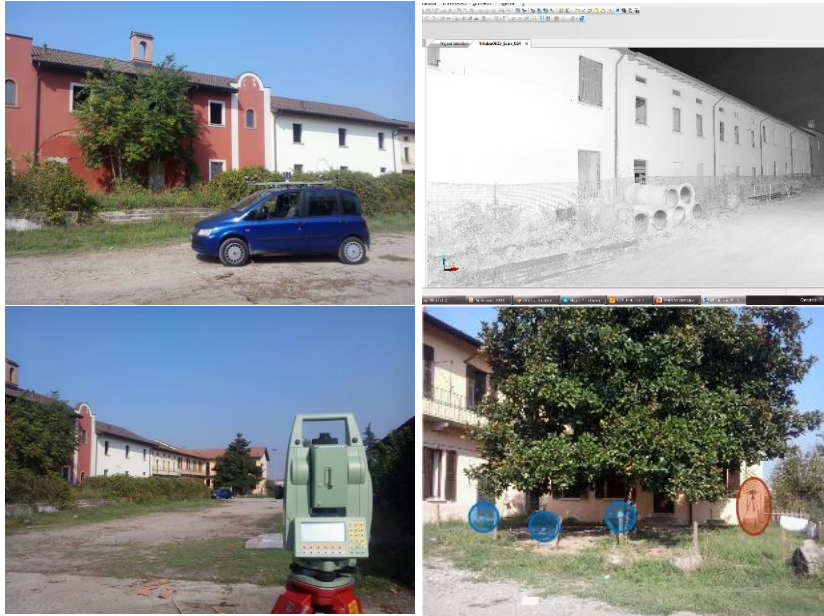
- **Knowledge** of which areas are potentially dangerous and should be checked
- Application of **safety measures** and presence of **safety devices**
- Areas can be effectively subjected to **strict prevention strategies**

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Dati identità | |
| Numero | 12 |
| Nome | 9/C |
| Impresa ATI | MANTOVANI / COM-ENPO2015 / VIMBIA / BILFINGER SIEHL |
| Impresa subaffidataria | |
| Impianti/mezzi/attrezzature | 5 Escavatore - 2 dumper - 1 pulmino - 3 mezzi d'opera |
| Sintesi attività | Scavo fondazioni spalle ponti da traliccio direzione da Ov... |
| Addetti | 13 |
| Preposto sicurezza impresa | XXXXXXXX |
| Preposto sicurezza subappalto | XXXXXXXX |
| Note dell'impresa-Interferenze | |
| Recapito | 033 3209449 |
| Sintesi attività 2 | 05 000000 |

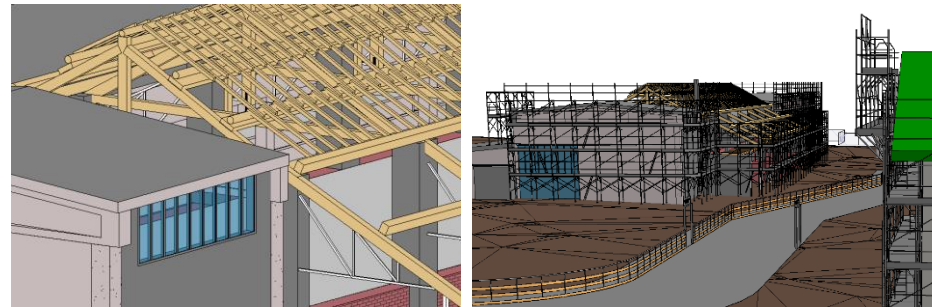


| Scavi - Settimana 51 | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| Area in lavorazione | MQ | Addetti totali sull'area | Sintesi attività di scavo | Impianti/mezzi/attrezzature |
| 1/A | 24603 m ² | 5 | Scavo di scotico | 2 escavatori - 3 dumper |
| 3 | 59367 m ² | 18 | Scavo canale tratto 10 - Scavo fondazione ASV B2- Scavo di scotico sbancamento | 8 escavatori - 8 dumper - 1 ruspa |
| 4 | 43397 m ² | 6 | Scavo fondazione - Scavo fondazione cabina MT | 2 Escavatori - 4 dumper |
| 5/A | 49411 m ² | 7 | Scavo fondazione spalle ponti e zattere canali tratti 5 e 6 | 2 Escavatori - 2 ruspe - 2 rulli |
| 6/A | 23130 m ² | 4 | Scavo fondazioni spalle ponti da traliccio direzione da Ovest | Escavatore - 2 dumper |
| 6/B | 64232 m ² | 4 | Scavo fondazioni spalle ponti da traliccio direzione da Ovest | Escavatore - 2 dumper |
| 9/C | 48596 m ² | 13 | Scavo fondazioni spalle ponti da traliccio direzione da Ovest - Scavi di sbancamento | 5 Escavatore - 2 dumper - 1 pulmino - 3 mezzi d'opera |

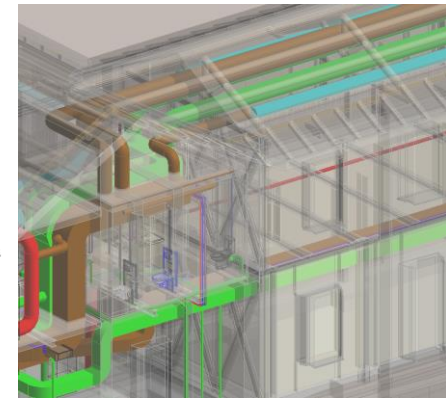
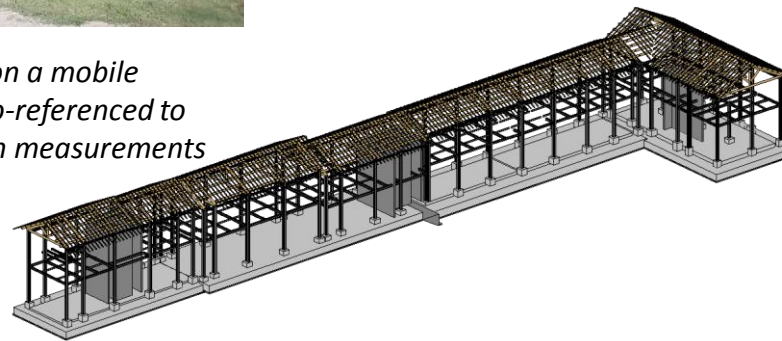
A Sub-Construction Site



The Inventory Model was geo-referenced according to the CAD file containing the site information provided by the engineering company



Faro Focus 3D terrestrial laser scanner (TLS) on a mobile vehicle in the Stop&Go mode. Scans were geo-referenced to be semi-automatically aligned by total station measurements



A Sub-Construction Site

Objective: a health and safety database

The image displays a 3D BIM model of a construction site. The main model shows a building structure with extensive scaffolding. A software interface on the right side of the model provides detailed information about a selected component, 'Ponteggio_modulo Stilata ponteggi_Doppio diagonale'. The interface includes a 'FRONTE' view indicator, a 'Modifica tipo' button, and various property fields such as 'Vincoli', 'Elettrico - Carichi', 'Dimensioni', and 'Dati identità'. A file path is shown: 'C:\Dropbox\CANTIERE\ELBORATI PIMUS\PIMUS GRANAIO 07.08.2014.pdf'. Below the main model, there are three inset images: a photograph of the actual construction site (green border), a 2D architectural elevation labeled 'PROSPETTO OVEST' (blue border), and a close-up 3D view of the scaffolding structure (red border).

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Workset | Ponteggio |
| Modificato da | Andrea |
| Fasi | |
| Fase di creazione | Fase 3 |
| Fase di demolizio... | Fase 4 |
| Altro | |
| Ancoraggio dx | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Ancoraggio sx | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> |

A Sub-Construction Site

H&S ruleset

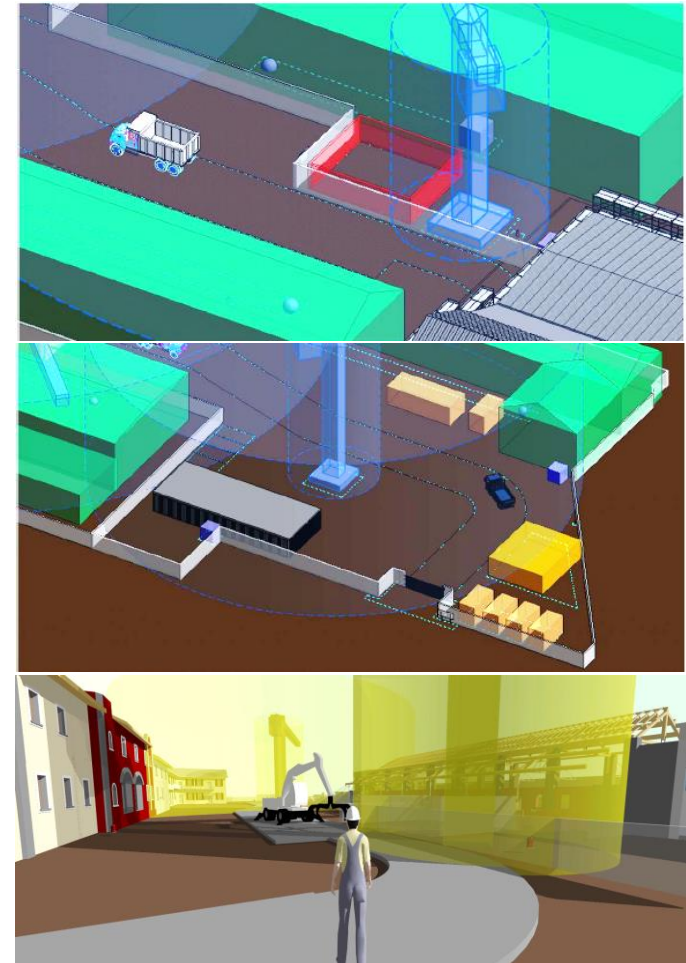
- **Presence** of safety devices and site fencing
- Check of **geometrical parameters**
- **Location** of safety equipment and other requirements of the operating space
- **Interferences** between construction spaces

Objectives: H&S BIM-based analyses

The screenshot displays the 'Parameters' and 'Safety' panels of a BIM application. The 'Parameters' panel is set to 'Check Maximum Distance' with a value of 10.00 m and 'Minimum 2D' calculation method. The 'Safety' panel lists various rules, with 'Site office Must Locate Near gate' highlighted in blue at the bottom.

| State | Component | Property | Operator | Value |
|---------|-----------|-------------------|----------|-------------|
| Include | Any | (Classificatio... | Matches | site office |

- Site office Must Locate Near WC
- Clearance in Front of gates
- Crane Must Be Defined
- Site office Must Be Defined
- Freight elevator Must Be Defined
- Fence Must Be Defined
- Scaffolding Must Be Defined
- Pedestrian and Vehicular Gates Must Be Defined
- WC Must Be Defined
- Security office Must Be Defined
- Electric cabinet Must Be Defined
- Site office Must Locate Near pedestrian gate
- Fence Dimension Values
- Scaffolding Dimension Values
- Height Scaffolding
- Space Area Check
- Equipment in site space
- Site office Must Locate Near gate**



Traffic Management

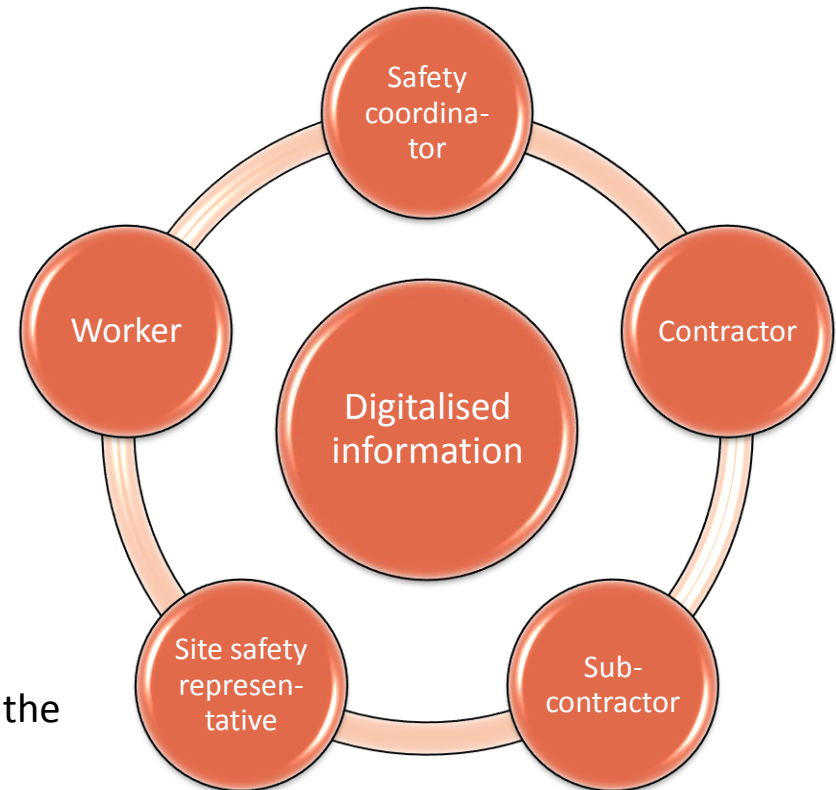
Objective: constant **update** and **communication** of changes in construction site viability

- Large construction site
- High number of sub-construction sites

- **Coordination**
- **Communication**

Upload an **OPEN STREET MAP** on mobile devices

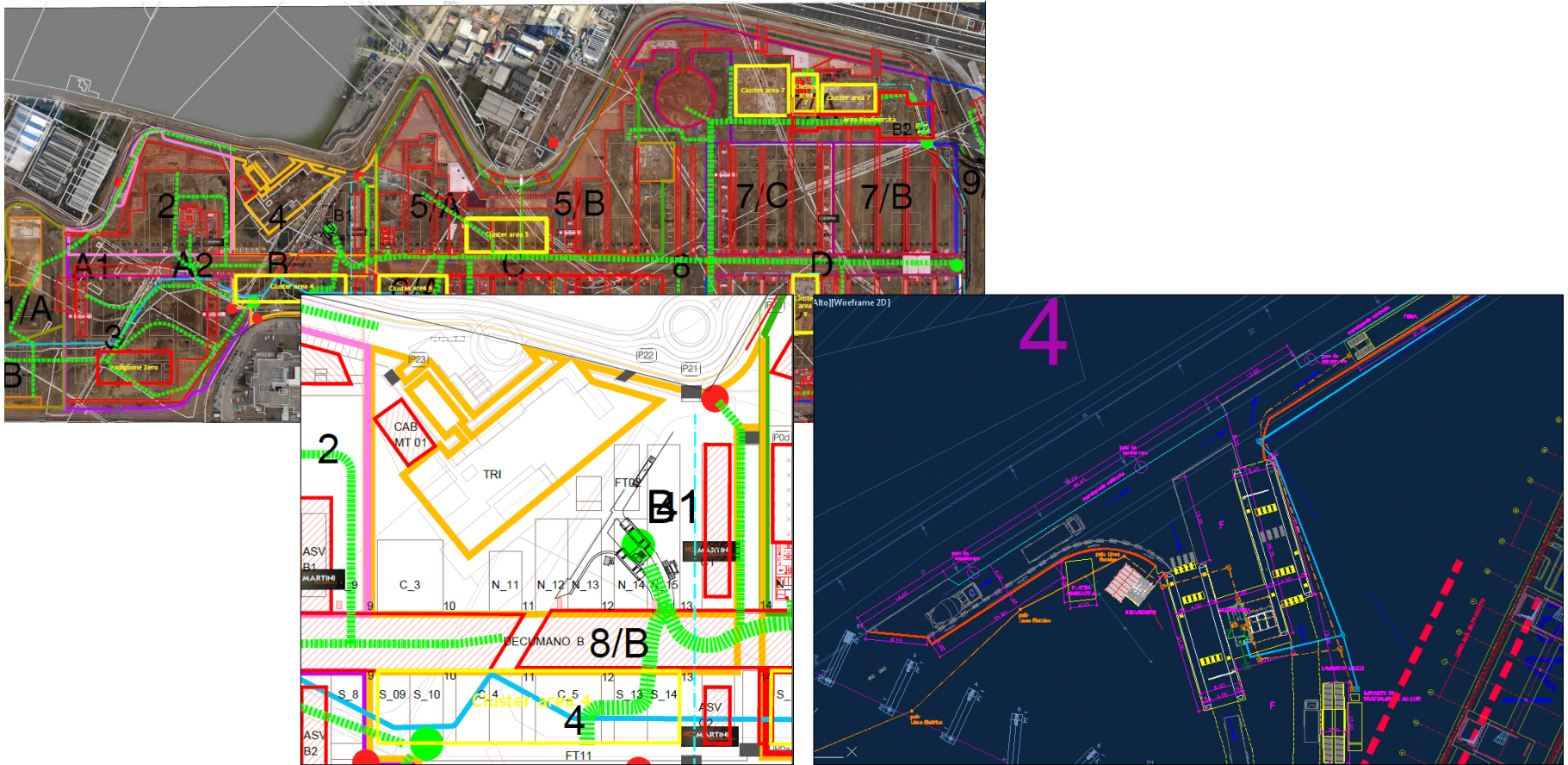
Not a new tool, but a new way of using it to support the **information flow** on site



Traffic Management

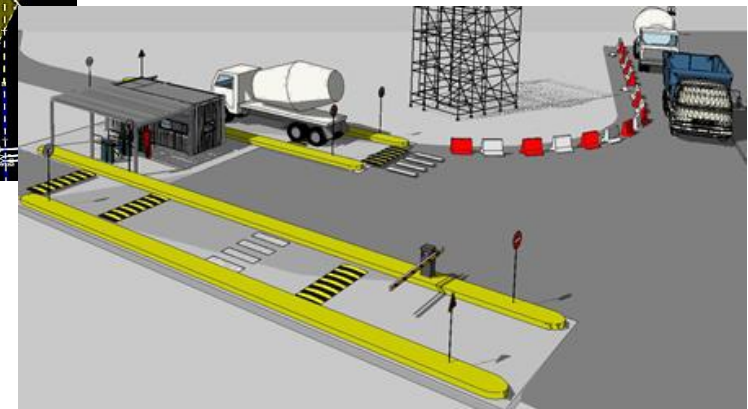
traditional process

Objective: constant **update** and **communication** of changes in construction site viability

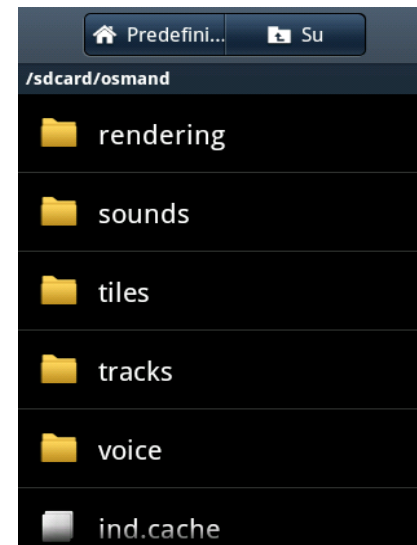


Traffic Management Information Modelling

Objective: constant *update* and *communication* of changes in construction site viability

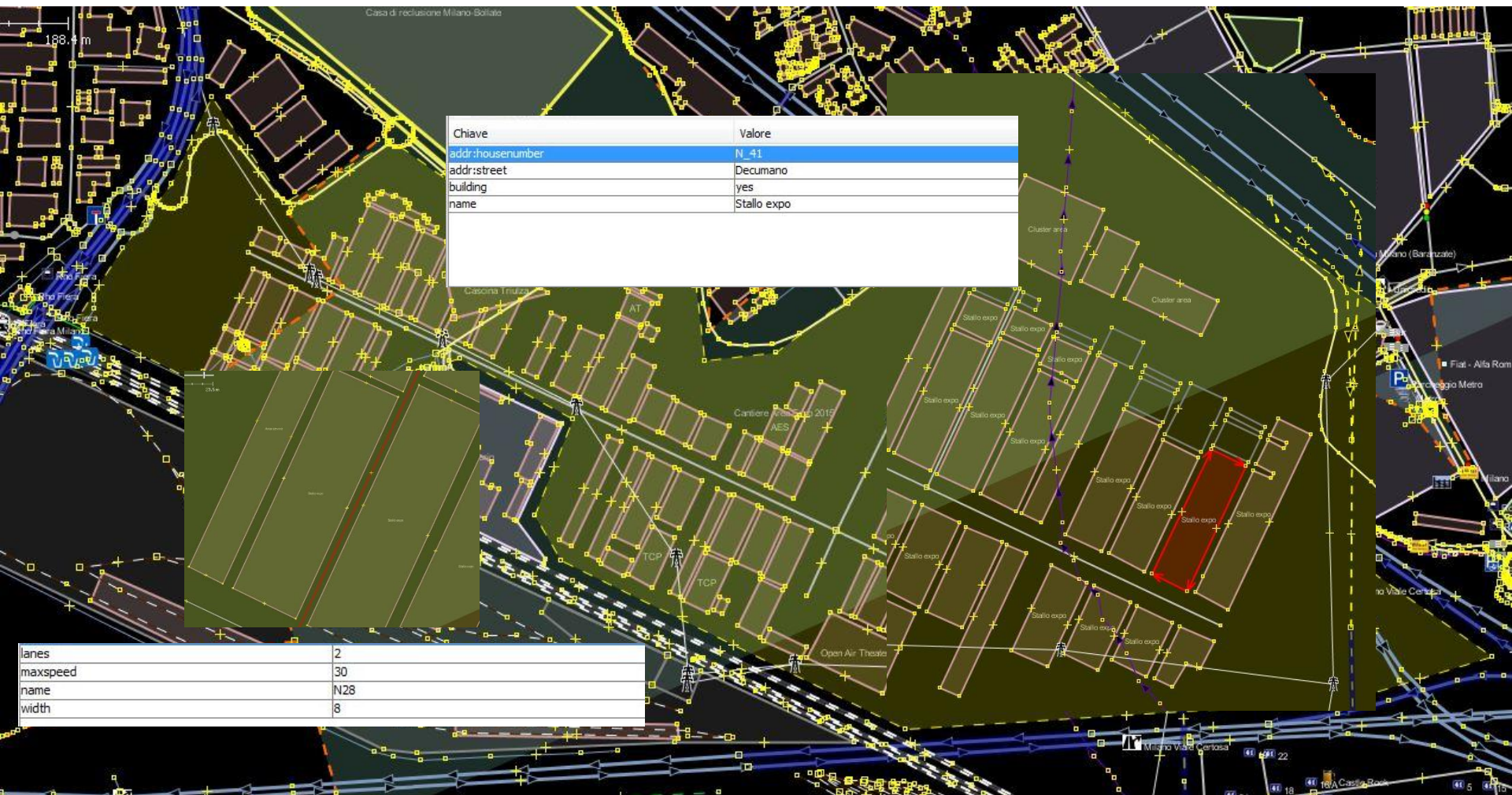


Traffic Management

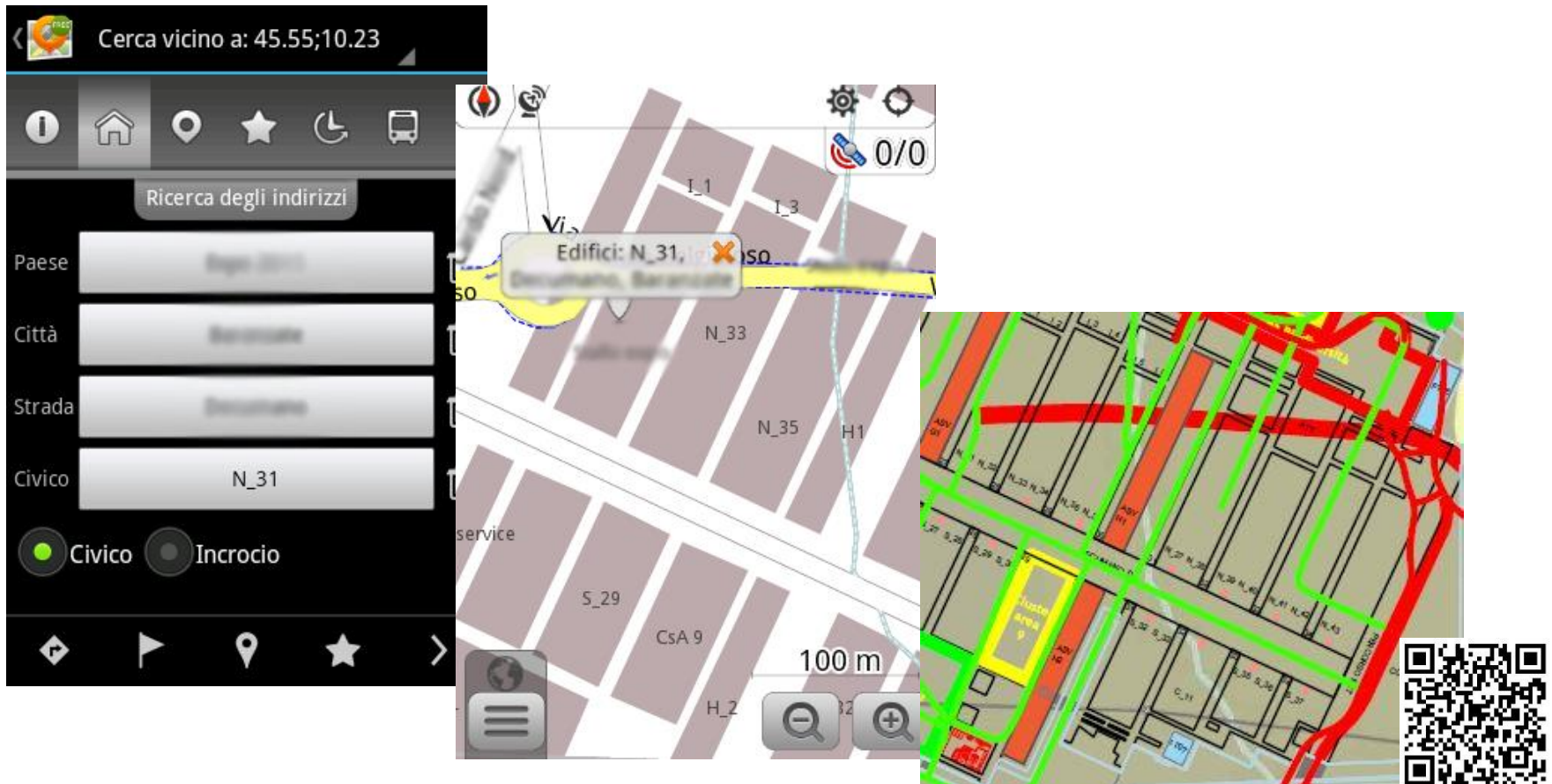


Traffic Management

Implementation of parameters



Traffic Management



The OSM resulted to be integrated with the road network of the urban context

Conclusions

Resource management

- The H&S coordinator remarked some failures in the information coming from the main contractor and asked for an improved **data flow** within the construction site
- **BIM-based analysis** of safety plans

Traffic management

- **Update and share** information about viability on site

Future works

- Use of **sensors** for a real-time data flow of the information recorded on site (ie. Information about workers and vehicles going through the access gates)
- Direct link from **Infra BIM authoring tools** and the editor of OSM
- Use of **traffic analyses tools** to analyse the impact of the construction site on urban traffic
- Development of an **app** to collect different construction analyses. It would be possible to have information about resource management and at the same time about traffic management and regulations to apply in case of emergencies

Thank you

Silvia Mastrolemba Ventura

Building Engineer - Collaborator to Research Activities

University of Brescia – Department of Civil Engineering and Architecture (DICATAM), www.ing.unibs.it

@ silvia.mastrolemba Ventura@unibs.it

@s_mastrolemba