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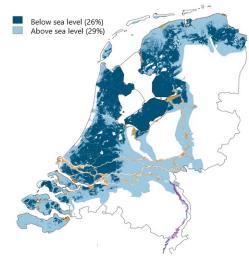
Hedwigepolder: a pioneering project exploring the strength of tidal sand

GWF2024 - Geotechnical Engineering and Design Practices for Sustainable Infrastructure Development

By Niels Walrave, MSc

Introduction





Niels Walrave - Fugro Consultant Flood Defences Expertteam on Sustainable Geotechnical Engineering Netherlands >55% flood prone Levee reinforcement programme (HWBP) 2050: 1,100 km

Faster, cheaper & less impact

HVBP voor sterke dijken

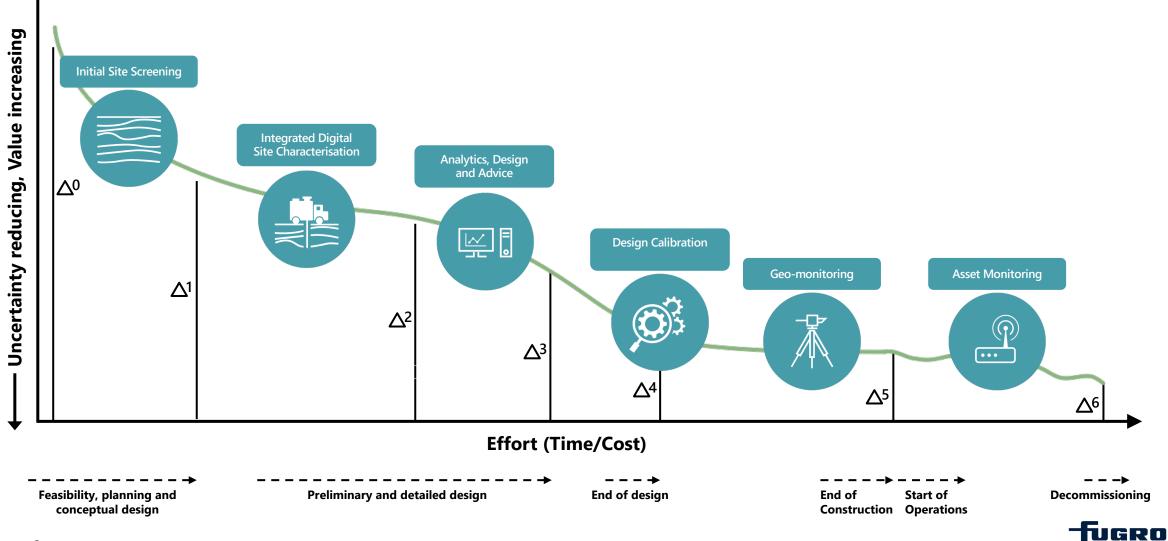


fugro

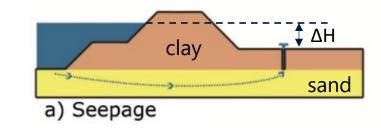
Partners

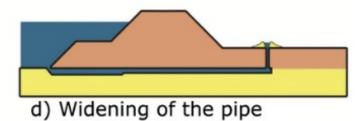
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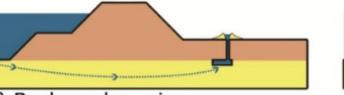
Geo-Risk Management Framework



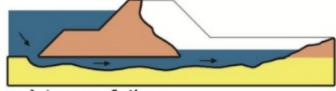
Backward Erosion Piping (BEP)



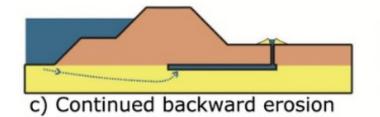


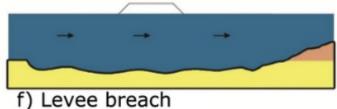


b) Backward erosion



e) Levee failure





Dutch design rule BEP based on homogeneous, river sand

Hypothesis: tidal sands are more resistant to BEP, mainly due to fines \rightarrow Let's experiment!



Design of the field test

- BEP experiments on different scales:
 - small & medium in laboratory
 - 2 full scale in Hedwigepolder
- Area =13 m x 20 m
- $\Delta H_{max} = 10 \text{ m}$
- Ditch Infiltration tubes = 10 m
- Water levels incrementally raised in tubes to allow for head difference in confined natural tidal sand layer





Multi-monitoring approach

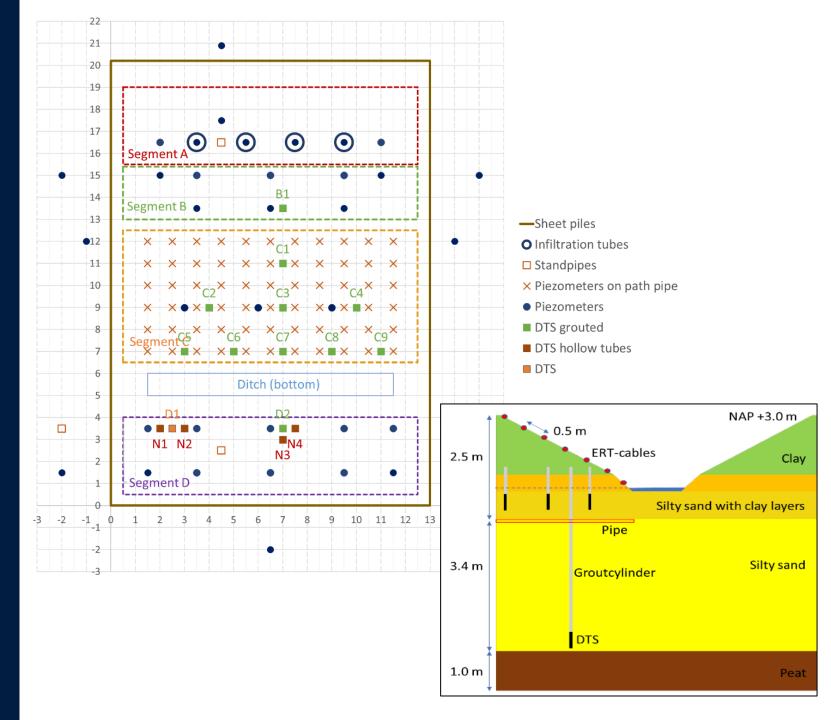
- 206 piezometers
- 6 standpipes
- 16 Active DTS locations
- 7 ERT lines

6

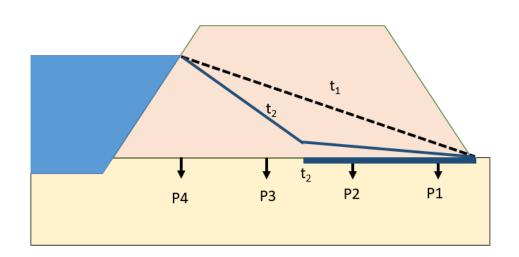
- Thermal imaging at exit
- Discharge, precipitation, temperature (air, water)

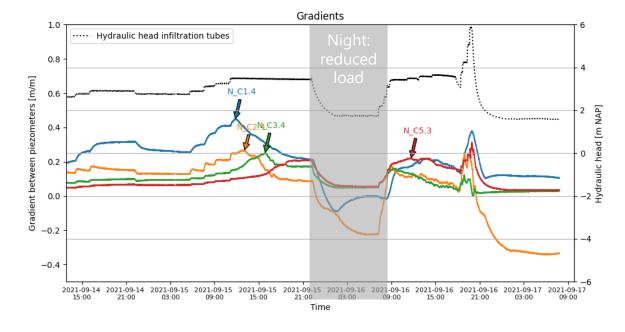
VirGeo®: real-time data management

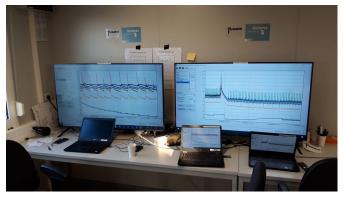
Aim: information to steer experiment and data for further analysis, test ERT/DTS for pipe detection



Piezometers: pipe location and growth rate







Live data used to steer and adjust the experiment



Thermal imaging (IRT)





Temperature differences of water, used to confirm:

- location exit points
- check for leakages

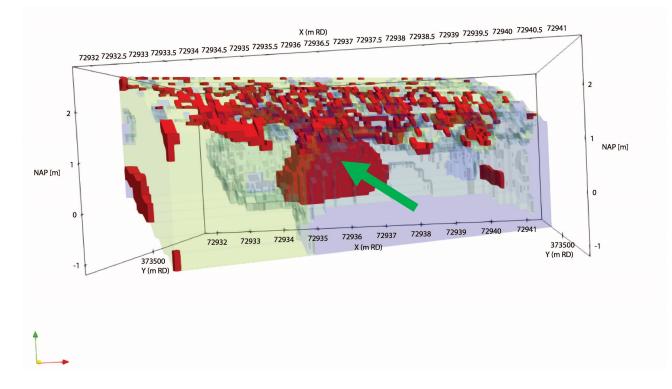
IRT confirms exit point locations and situation with no significant leakages

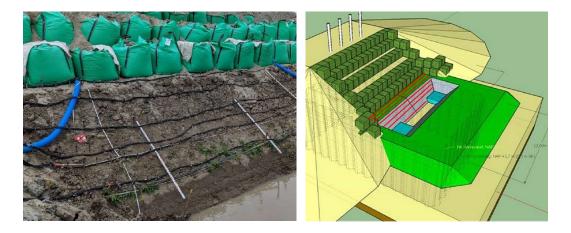
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Groundwater ~13.0 °C Ditch water ~ 10.7 °C

ERT

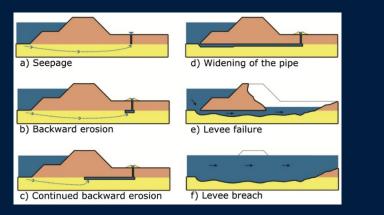
- 270 electrodes along 7 lines
- Spacing 0,25 m
- Ground level -2,7 m
- Vertical resolution ~ 3 20 cm
- Increase in resistivity measured at location of pipe

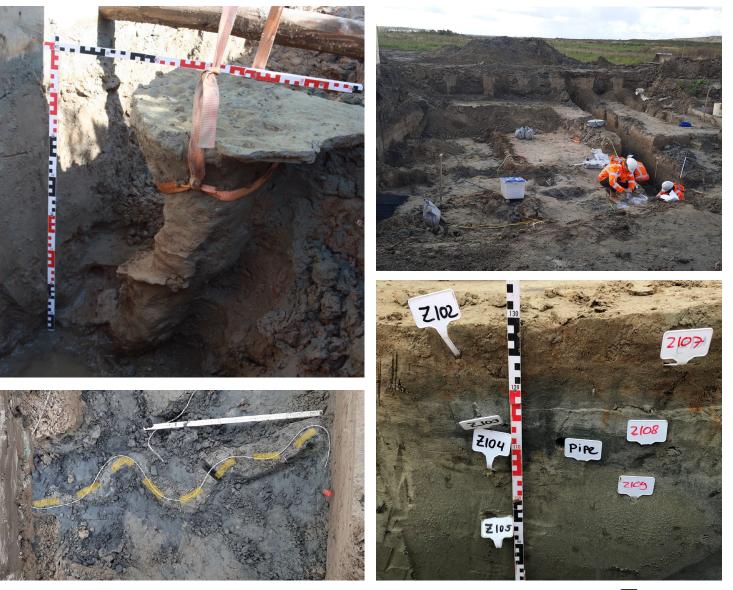






CSI – validation of monitoring results







Outcome – did it pay off?

Experiments do pay off!

- For a project scope from 7 km BEP to 0 km
- Less complex reinforcement
- Less environmental impact:
 - no piping embankments or seepage walls
 - less material needed
 - less transport
 - less emissions
- Nationally: 5-10 M€ investment over the last 6 years > significant cost reduction

tugro

• And, not always mentioned, it is also fun to conduct an experiment!





Unlocking **Insights** from **Geo-data**