

digitaal samenwerken in de Gebouwde Omgeving

A Clash Between Three Worlds: BIM, Geo and Legislation

Integration of BIM and GEO for Digital Permit Checks and Registration



Speakers

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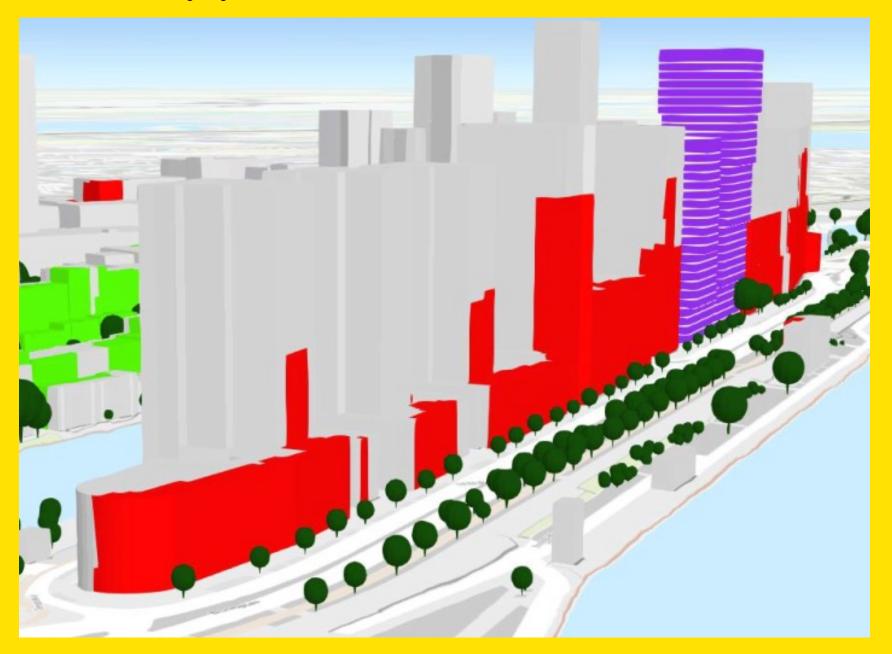
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Digital Building Permit

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Added value 3D in the permit process







2. Detection of conflicts between the Construction Information Model, substrate and regulations.



3. Adjustments and/or consultation



4. Appropriate design







Building



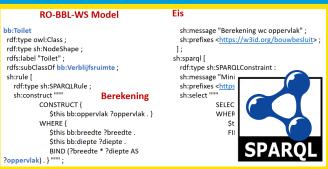


City

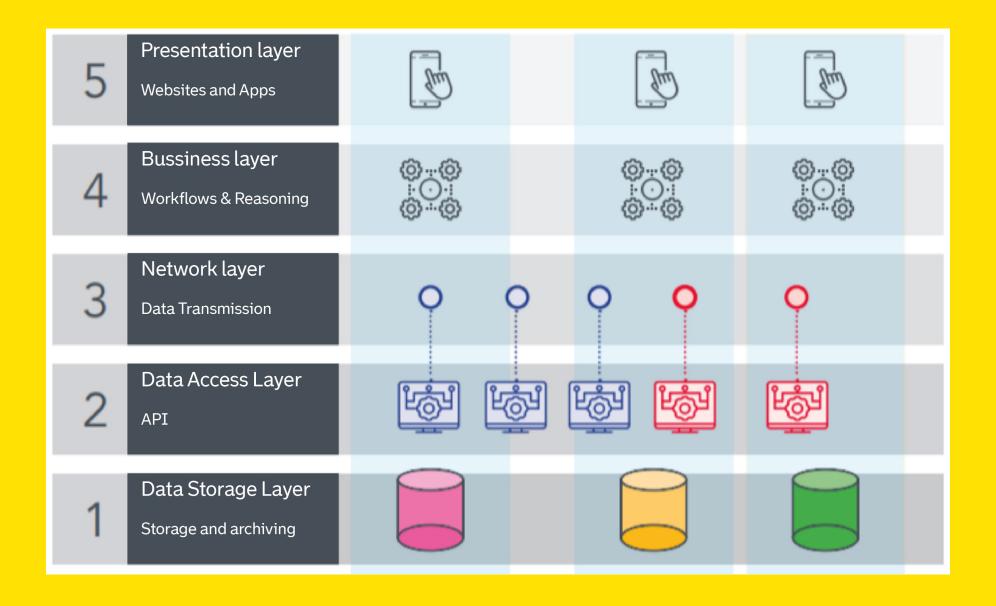


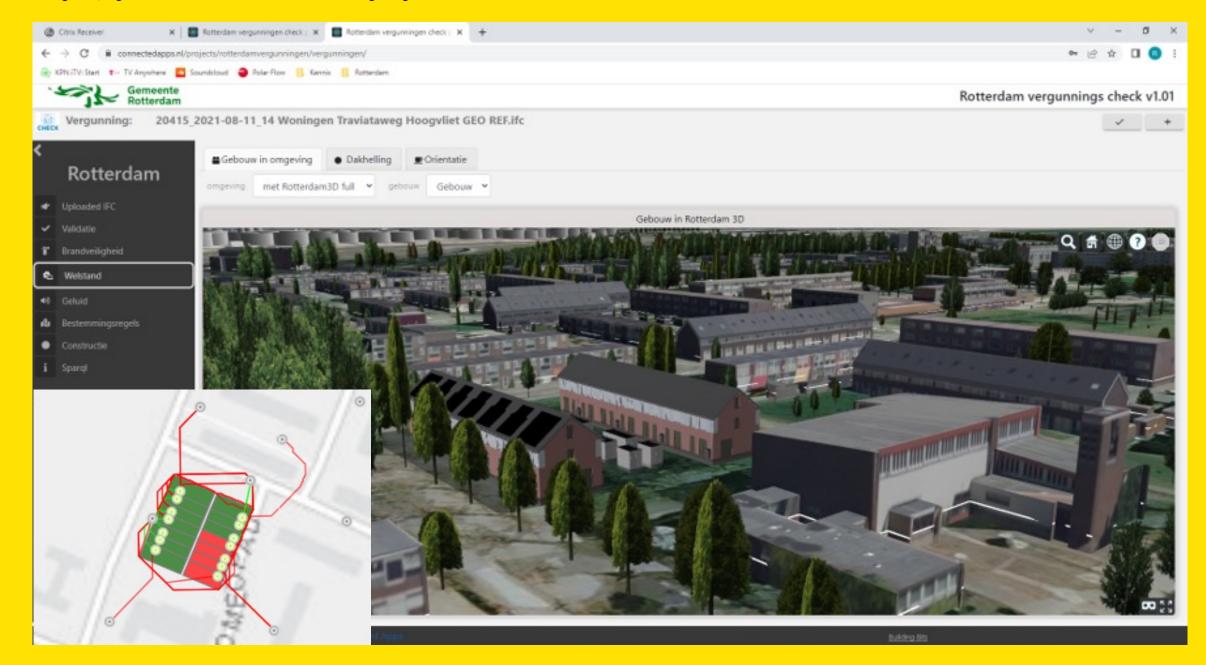


Legislation



Information Delivery Specification





BIM supporting the determination of addresses in The Hague



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WHY

- Legally required to hold a key register on buildings and addresses (BAG)
- The law sets criteria to determine if an object should have an address
- Grumbling colleague: The only thing I did today was counting toilets!
- Less resources available: efficiency

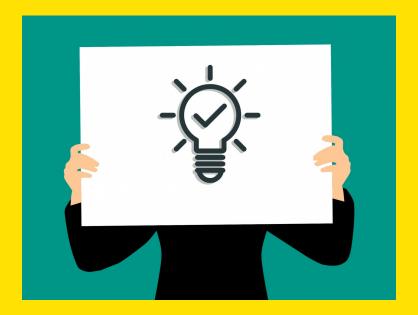


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What

- Can we use BIM and the decision tree to automatically determine the number of objects in a building that meet the criteria to get an address?
- Support of the people working in the BAG process: make their work more interesting

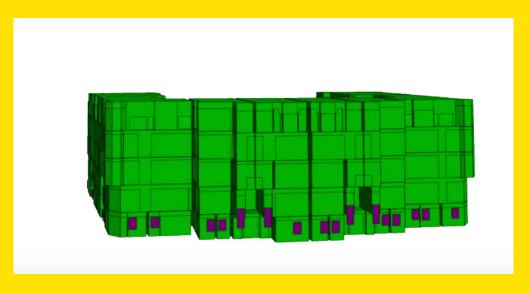


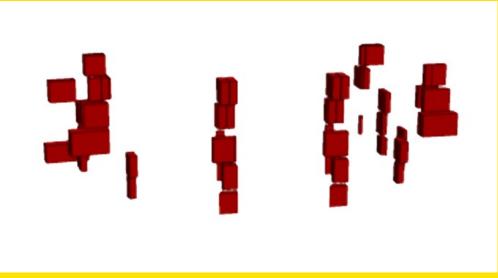
HOW

- "Lab" experiment
- Get data by defining ILS considering the needs of the BAG process and make IFC
- Future Insight Clearly BIM
- Translate decision tree to IDS checks
- Visualize check results in Clearly BIM
- User workshop
- Link to report (in Dutch):
 - https://alkem.io/t3d/challenges/3dinwinnen/opportunities/bimgeo/collaboration/card-default/aspects/bim-huisnummerbesl-1608

Example







Conclusions

- It's a good start:
- Successful transformation from ILS to IDS in order to perform checks
- First iteration in translation of decision tree to checks
- though not yet applicable in real life:
- Criteria like "enough space to place a kitchen counter" can't easily be translated because they need a human eye
- The checks only work on specific defined IFC model
- Great effort to receive IFC models
- Software can't meet criteria yet

Shared issues

- Georeferencing of the GEO- and BIM-model
- GEO and BIM speak different languages (e.g. an IFC-building is not a BAG-Pand)
- Legislation is not specific enough for a machine and the translation towards GEO-BIM
- Software does not yet support fully the GEO-BIM interoperability
- Organisations like the municipality The Hague and Rotterdam have a GEO-team for registration and a BIM-team for development. Only the early adopters combine both worlds.
- Official information specifications of governments demands views like pdf instead of native GEO/BIM-data

Discussion

- What is the international perspective on the experiences and issues as presented?
- Can we consider the issues as stemming from the clash between three worlds: BIM,
 Geo and Legislation?

The broader picture

- Why are we interested in the integration of BIM and Geo
- What are reasons for The Hague to invest in these experiments?
- What are reasons for Rotterdam?
- Which additional reasons can we learn from Francesca?