

Auto-Change Detection

Nigel Clifford, CEO


Ordnance Survey

WHAT IS CHANGE DETECTION?

“the use of remote sensed data to facilitate the automatic (or semi-automatic) identification of areas of the landscape which have undergone physical change between two or more defined time periods.”



CHANGE DETECTION AT OS

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



CHANGE DETECTION FOR MONITORING UN SDG'S

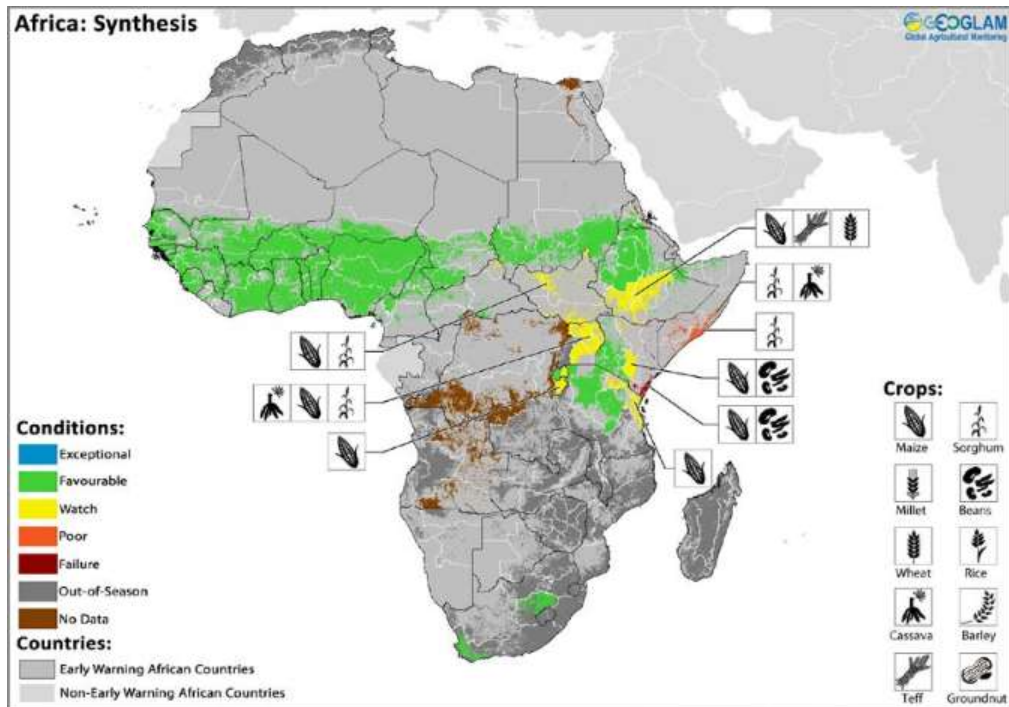


<http://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/sustainable-development-goals/>



Ordnance Survey

UN SDG 2 – ZERO HUNGER

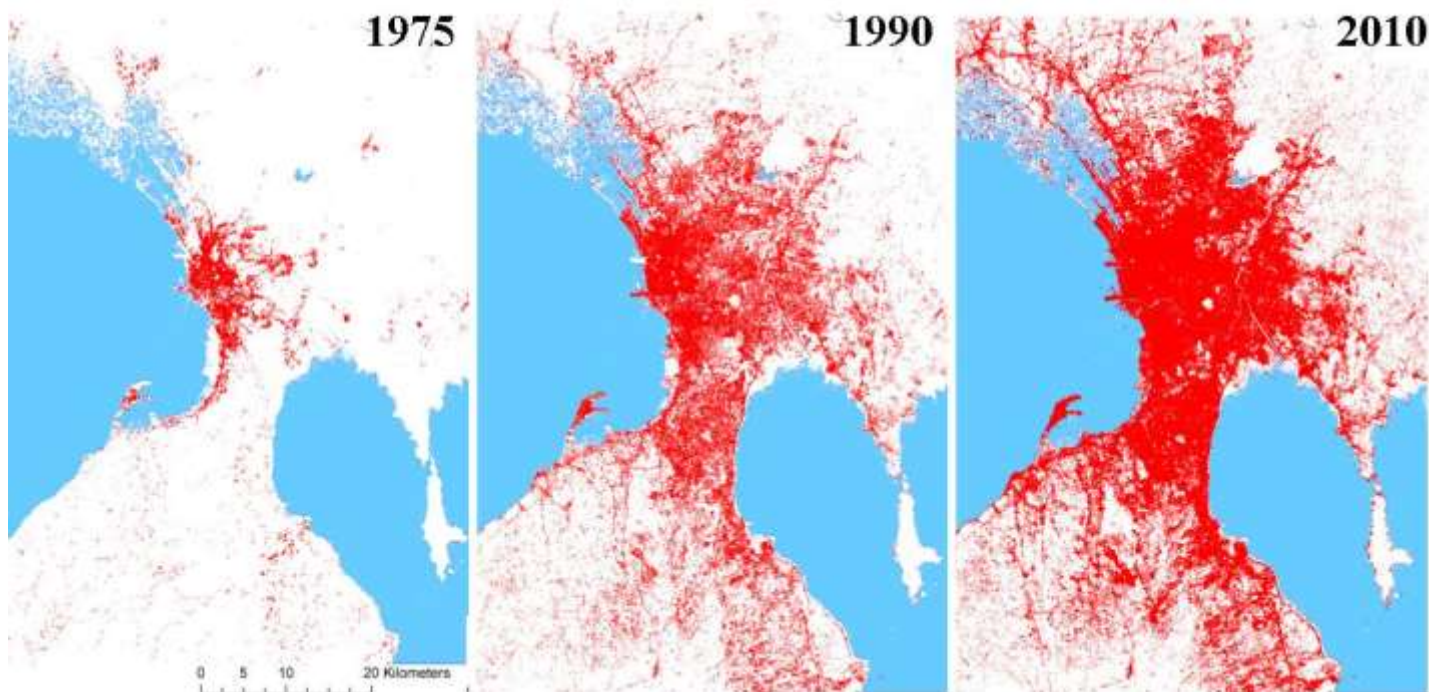


www.geoglam-crop-monitor.org



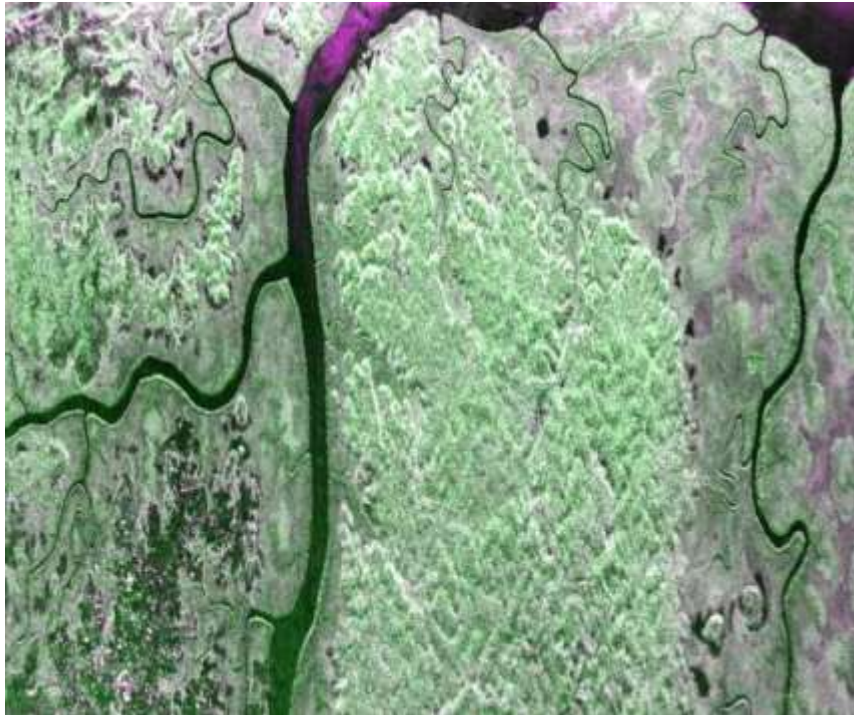
Ordnance Survey

UN SDG 11 – SUSTAINABLE CITIES



Source: DLR-DFD

UN SDG 15 – LIFE ON LAND



Source: ESA / ONERA



CHALLENGES

- EO data needs be “analysis ready”
- Increasing spatial & temporal resolution = increased data volumes
- Co-locating data with scalable processing power and tools
- Transferability of CD solutions
- Capability gap (especially for Deep Learning approaches)

- Information does not always equal action!



WHAT NEXT...?

- Using data from in situ sensor-networks, UAV's and crowdsourcing to validate and compliment EO approaches
- Reduction in elapsed time between EO data acquisition and CD product being available for use
- From change detection to change prediction (re-active to pro-active)
- Use of EO is only part of the solution



Thank you

Nigel Clifford
Ordnance Survey, CEO

*Continue the discussion:
nigel.clifford@os.uk*

@osintl

www.os.uk/international